

Chrome & Stainless Polish Safety Data Sheet According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 10/15/2014 Date of issue: 10/15/2014

# **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

### **Product Identifier**

Product Name: Chrome & Stainless Polish Product Code: 827XX **Intended Use of the Product** 

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Polish.

# SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION
Classification of the Substance or	<u>Mixture</u>
Classification (GHS-US)	
Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	
STOT SE 3 H336	
Label Elements	
GHS-US Labeling	
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)	: GH502 GH507 GH507
Signal Word (GHS-US)	: Warning
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P210 - Keep away from sparks, open flames, hot surfaces, heat - No smoking.
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof ventilating, lighting, electrical equipment.
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, spray, mist.
	P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.
	P303+P361+P353+P352 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash with plenty of water.
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
	comfortable for breathing.
	P312+P321 - Call a poison center if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see Section 4).
	P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

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 $(CO_2)$  to extinguish.

P403+P233+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national, territorial,

provincial, and international regulations.

# **Other Hazards**

Aquatic Acute 3

Aquatic Chronic 3

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

### Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

5.71 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral, Dermal, and Inhalation)

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Kerosine, petroleum	(CAS No) 8008-20-6	10 - 15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
			Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			STOT SE 3, H336
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 4, H227
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Diatomaceous earth	(CAS No) 61790-53-2	3 - 7	Not classified
Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth*	(CAS No) 68855-54-9	3 - 7	STOT RE 1, H372
Silica, cristobalite*	(CAS No) 14464-46-1	1 - 5	Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT RE 1, H372

\*Finely divided Silica has caused cancer and lung disease in workers that inhale it over an extended period of time. Studies suggest, however, that these hazards are not associated with other routes of exposure. Since this product is in liquid form, silica dust is not able to become airborne. Thus, the hazards usually associated with Silica are not applicable to this product.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# **Description of First Aid Measures**

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible). **Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

# Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes skin irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Inhalation: High concentration of vapours may induce: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation.

**Eye Contact:** May cause eye irritation.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

#### Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

#### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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# SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

# Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable liquid and vapor.

**Explosion Hazard:** Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. **Reactivity:** Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion.

### **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides.

Reference to Other Sections Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray).

# For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so.

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

# Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as saw dust or cellulosic material.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

# Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in fireproof place. Store away from oxidizers, combustible materials, and all ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s) Polish.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

|--|

Diatomaceous earth (61	L790-53-2)	
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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	Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)		
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46	-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³	
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total mass)	
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total mass)	
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (designated substances regulation)	
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	150 particle/mL	
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-2	20-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (restricted to conditions where there is negligible	
		aerosol exposure)	
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Petroleum distillates, hydro			
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (application restricted to conditions in which there	
		are negligible aerosol exposures)	

# **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Use explosion-proof equipment. **Personal Protective Equipment:** Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gloves. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



**Materials for Protective Clothing:** Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. **Hand Protection:** Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

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Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

SECTION STITISTICAL AND CHEMICAET NOT		
Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Not available
Odor	:	Not available
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
рН	:	8.04
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting/Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	-17.8 °C (-0.04 °F)
Flash Point	:	57.8 °C (136.04 °F) Pensky-Marten Closed Cup; does not sustain combustion
		according to ASTM D4206 or Appendix H of 49 CFR part 173
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	-17.8 °C (-0.04 °F)
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Upper and Lower Flammable Limits	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Relative Density/Specific Gravity	:	1.005 at 20 °C (68 °F)
Solubility	:	Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-octanol/water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	4160 cP at 25 °C (77 °F)
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**<u>Reactivity</u>**: Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion.

**<u>Chemical Stability</u>**: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight. Heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides.

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation. (pH: 8.04) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified (pH: 8.04) Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Teratogenicity: Not available Carcinogenicity: Not classified. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified. Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

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**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** High concentration of vapours may induce: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

# Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)

LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.2 mg/l/4h	
Diatomaceous earth (61790-53-2)		
IARC Group	3	
Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)		
IARC Group	3	
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)		
IARC Group	1	
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		

# Toxicity

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)		
NOEC chronic fish	0.098 mg/l (PETROTOX, Klimmish score: 2)	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
LC50 Fish 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
LC 50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
Development of the state of the		

#### Persistence and Degradability Not available

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)	
BCF Fish 1 (no known bioaccumulation)	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
BCF Fish 1 61 - 159	

Mobility in Soil Not available

**Other Adverse Effects** 

**Other Information:** Avoid release to the environment.

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: EPA Hazardous Waste Number: D001 (Ignitability).

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

**<u>UN Number</u>** Not regulated. Does not sustain combustion according to ASTM D4206 or Appendix H of 49 CFR part 173.

#### UN Proper Shipping Name Not regulated.

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# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **US Federal Regulations**

Chrome & Stainless Polish		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Fire hazard	
Diatomaceous earth (61790-53-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory	
Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory	
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
US State Regulations		
Distances out (C1700 F2 2)		

Diatomaceous earth (61790-53-2)		
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations		
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)		
U.S Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts		
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs		
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List		
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs		
RTK - U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List		
U.S Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts		
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term		
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs		
U.S Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs		
Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)		
RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List		
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term		
U.S Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs		
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)		
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations		
U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)		
U.S Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts		
U.S Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens		
U.S Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants		
RTK - U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List		
U.S Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs		
U.S Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List		
U.S Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs		
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour		
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual		
RTK - U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List		
U.S New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List		
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour		

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U.S Oregon - Permissible Ex	posure Limits - Mineral Dusts			
U.S California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups				
RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
U.S Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs				
U.S Texas - Effects Screening	; Levels - Long Term			
U.S Texas - Effects Screening	g Levels - Short Term			
U.S Vermont - Permissible E	xposure Limits - TWAs			
U.S Washington - Permissibl	e Exposure Limits - STELs			
U.S Washington - Permissibl	e Exposure Limits - TWAs			
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20	I-6)			
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous	Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min)			
U.S Connecticut - Hazardous	Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr)			
U.S Massachusetts - Oil & Ha	azardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1			
U.S Massachusetts - Oil & Ha	azardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2			
U.S Massachusetts - Oil & Ha	azardous Material List - Reportable Quantity			
U.S Massachusetts - Oil & Ha	azardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1			
	azardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2			
RTK - U.S Massachusetts - Ri	ght To Know List			
U.S Minnesota - Chemicals of	of High Concern			
	ited Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour			
U.S New Hampshire - Regula	ited Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual			
	U.S New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances			
U.S New Jersey - Environme	U.S New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List			
RTK - U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour				
	ner Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups			
-	RTK - U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term				
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term				
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)				
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour				
U.S New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual				
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term				
U.S Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term				
Canadian Regulations				
Chrome & Stainless Polish				
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects			
	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid			
	$\frown$			
Diatomaceous earth (61790-5	3-2)			

Diatomaceous earth (61790-53-2)				
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)				
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects			
Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth (68855-54-9)				
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)				
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)				
IDL Concentration 1 %				
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects			
Silica, cristobalite (14464-46-1)				
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)				

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Listed on the Canadian IDL (	Ingredient Disclosure List)			
IDL Concentration 1 %				
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects			
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-	-20-6)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)				
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid			
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects			
Petroleum distillates, hydro	otreated light (64742-47-8)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)				
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid			
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects			
This product has been class	ified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS			

contains all of the information required by CPR.

<b>SECTION 16: OTHER INFORM</b>	OITAN	N, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision	Date
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Other Information

10/15/2014
This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**GHS Full Text Phrases:** 

Aquatic Acute 2		Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3		Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2		Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3		Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1		Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A		Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 3		Flammable liquids Category 3
Flam. Liq. 4		Flammable liquids Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2		Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1		Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3		Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226		Flammable liquid and vapor
H227		Combustible liquid
H315		Causes skin irritation
H336		May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H350		May cause cancer
H372		Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401		Toxic to aquatic life
H402		Harmful to aquatic life
H411		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
A Health Hazard	: 1 - Ex	posure could cause irritation but only minor residual
		even if no treatment is given.
		ust be moderately heated or exposed to relatively
	-	emperature before ignition can occur.
-		ormally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,
	and a	re not reactive with water.

# Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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